

## 2010 - Triage & Mass Casualty Incident

1. How many patients must be involved in an incident to classify it as a mass-casualty incident?
  - A) 5 or more
  - B) 10 or more
  - C) 20 or more
  - D) when the number of patients outnumbers the usual complement of responders
  
2. If you are the first to arrive on the scene of a mass-casualty incident, you should:
  - A) treat the patients one at a time.
  - B) set up triage zones and start triaging patients.
  - C) contact medical control for further instructions.
  - D) perform a quick survey and call for needed additional resources.
  
3. During primary triage, which intervention would you NOT do?
  - A) Stop excessive bleeding.
  - B) Direct slightly injured patients to a safe area.
  - C) Open the airway of a patient with ineffective breathing.
  - D) Apply a cervical collar to a patient with neck pain and arm tingling.
  
4. Triage can be broken down into four levels. Patients who are obviously dead are assigned what level?
  - A) green
  - B) black
  - C) red
  - D) yellow
  
5. A patient with a pelvic fracture and a weak, rapid pulse would be assigned to which triage level?
  - A) red
  - B) yellow
  - C) green
  - D) black

6. You start triage at the scene of gondola collapse above mid-mountain. You are directing an uninjured man to a sheltered spot on the side of the hill, when he collapses. A quick check reveals no pulse or respirations, despite airway adjustment. You should:
- A) upgrade his severity from green to red.
  - B) call patrol base to send a defibrillator.
  - C) begin immediate CPR.
  - D) change his triage level to black.
7. What color is used to indicate patients with non-life-threatening injuries?
- A) red
  - B) black
  - C) green
  - D) yellow
8. You are called to a mass-casualty incident scene with four injured patients. Which of the following patients needs your immediate care?
- A) conscious patient who is alert and crying, with a possible broken arm
  - B) unconscious patient who is not moving but has a pulse, is blue in color, and is not breathing
  - C) unconscious patient who is breathing and has a pulse, with a possible dislocation of the hip
  - D) conscious patient who is responsive to loud vocal stimuli, with a large bleeding laceration on the arm
9. Which of the following MCI patients can wait the longest for care?
- A) conscious, alert, and crying patient with a possible broken arm
  - B) unconscious, unmoving, cyanotic patient who has a pulse but is not breathing
  - C) unconscious patient who is breathing and has a pulse, with a possible dislocation of the hip
  - D) conscious patient who is responsive to loud vocal stimuli, with a large bleeding laceration on the arm
10. A patient with multiple bone or joint injuries would be triaged as:
- A) red.
  - B) yellow.
  - C) green.
  - D) black.